

SAFETY DATA SHEET STAR ALKA BOILER TREATMENT

PRODUCT CODE: 00950033

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name STAR ALKA BOILER TREATMENT

Product number 00950033

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Star Alka Boiler Treatment is a concentrated liquid alkaline product for corrosion and deposit

control in boilers. For use at all boiler pressures.

Benefits:

•Convenient liquid treatment which provides the basic alkalinity on which successful water

treatment depends.

•Maintains alkalinity within optimum limits.

•Provides optimum conditions for hardness control to function.

•Assists in precipitation and blow down of magnesium salts.

•Neutralises acid conditions.

•Allows efficiency to be maintained, and reduces maintenance.

•Used for providing the required alkaline conditions within the boiler.

•To neutralise any acid condition on board.

·Assist in coagulating oil contamination.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier STAR International

Star House

Turbine Business Park

Turbine Road Birkenhead Merseyside CH41 9BA

Tel: +44 (0) 1244 504 500 Fax: +44 (0) 1244 504 504 www.star-international.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1244 504 500 (Office hours only)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Met. Corr. 1 - H290

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

STAR ALKA BOILER TREATMENT

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in a corrosion-resistant container with a resistant inner liner. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to ...

2.3. Other hazards

Not available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

SODIUM HYDROXIDE 30-60%

CAS number: 1310-73-2 EC number: 215-185-5 REACH registration number: 01-

2119457892-27-XXXX

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Get medical attention. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may

assist affected person by administering oxygen.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Get

medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Continue to

rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Ingestion

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye contact Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards In case of fire, toxic and corrosive gases may be formed.

Hazardous combustion

products

When heated, vapours/gases hazardous to health may be formed

Containers close to fire should be removed or cooled with water.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Provide adequate

ventilation. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges

into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other

appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Stop leak if possible without risk. DO NOT touch spilled material! Wear suitable protective

equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains,

sewers or watercourses.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation

of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this

product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in tightly-closed, original container in a well-ventilated place. Store at temperatures

between 15°C and 25°C. Avoid contact with the following materials Strong acids. Use

containers made of the following materials: Stainless steel. Plastic

Storage class Corrosive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)

DNEL Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

Workers - Dermal; Short term local effects: 2 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment









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Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Eye/face protection Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield.

Hand protectionTo protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374.

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Nitrile rubber. glove thickness 0.7mm Chloroprene rubber. glove thickness 0.7mm Butyl rubber. Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of >0.5 mm. Viton rubber (fluoro rubber). Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of >0.5 mm. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of >0.5 mm. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at

least 8 hours

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Good personal hygiene procedures should be

implemented. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the

toilet.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection must be used if the airborne contamination exceeds the recommended

occupational exposure limit.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colourless.

Odourless.

pH pH (diluted solution): 14 @ 1%

Melting point 0-22°C

Initial boiling point and range > 100°C @

Relative density 1.05-1.55 @ 20°C

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water. Aqueous solutions are basic.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Viscosity 75 mPa s @ 20°C

9.2. Other information

Other information Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Reactions with the following materials may generate heat: Acids. In contact with some metals

can generate hydrogen gas, which can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

STAR ALKA BOILER TREATMENT

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Conditions to avoid

Reacts violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods

of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Avoid contact with acids. Avoid the following conditions: Aluminium. Zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

In case of fire, toxic and corrosive gases may be formed.

products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) No information available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Corrosive.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitroNo information available.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard No information available.

Inhalation Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.

Ingestion Causes severe burns. Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.

Skin contact Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. Eye contact

Toxicological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

325.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

LD₅₀ >500 mg/kg, Oral, Rabbit Notes (oral LD₅₀)

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ 1,350.0

mg/kg)

Rabbit **Species**

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) No specific test data are available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe burns.

Animal data Corrosive.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Causes serious eye damage.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation No information available.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro No information available.

Carcinogenicity

No information available. Carcinogenicity

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

No information required.

fertility

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure No information available.

Aspiration hazard

No information available. Aspiration hazard

Inhalation Dust is severely irritating to the upper respiratory system. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Coughing. Wheezing/breathing difficulties. May cause an asthmalike shortness of breath. Sore throat. Burning sensation in mouth. Upper respiratory irritation. Tracheobronchitis, pulmonary oedema

Ingestion Causes severe burns. May cause burns in mucous membranes, throat,

oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Chemical burns. Burning sensation in mouth. Nausea, vomiting. Vomiting of blood Swallowing concentrated chemical may cause severe internal injury.

Skin contact Causes severe burns. Blistering may occur. May cause serious chemical burns to

the skin. Prolonged contact causes serious tissue damage.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. May cause chemical eye burns. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Severe irritation, burning and tearing. Corneal damage. May cause permanent damage if eye is not immediately irrigated

Acute and chronic health

hazards

This chemical can be hazardous when inhaled and/or touched. Dust is severely irritating to the upper respiratory system. Corrosive. Prolonged contact causes

serious eye and tissue damage.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or

frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. The product may affect the

acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic organisms.

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Ecotoxicity The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects

on aquatic organisms.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects on aquatic

organisms.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 55.6 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅o, 48 hours: 156 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Toxicity The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects

on aquatic organisms.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 96 hours: 33-189 mg/l, Fish

LC₅₀, 96 hour: 45.5 mg/l, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

LC₅o, 96 hour: 125 mg/l, Freshwater fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 40 - 240 mg/l, Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Persistence and degradability The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable.

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Persistence and degradability

The product contains inorganic substances which are not biodegradable. The other

substances in the product are slowly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Not available. Partition coefficient

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

The product is soluble in water. Mobility

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Other adverse effects The pH of the product is very high and may effect the surrounding environment as

such.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be

considered. Waste should be treated as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste

disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1824 UN No. (IMDG) 1824 UN No. (ICAO) 1824 UN No. (ADN) 1824

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

(ADR/RID)

SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (IMDG) SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ICAO) SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

Proper shipping name (ADN) SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C5

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II
IMDG packing group II
ICAO packing group II
ADN packing group III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation

18. Alkalis

group

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 2
Emergency Action Code 2R

STAR ALKA BOILER TREATMENT

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

General information Only trained personnel should use this material.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Health and Safety Executive (HSE). MARPOL 73/78 Annex II - Regulations for the Control of Pollution by Noxious Liquid Substances in Bulk. Source: European Chemicals Agency,

http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision date 29/06/2020

SDS number 21586

Hazard statements in full H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Signature Auguste Little