

# SAFETY DATA SHEET STAR ELECTROSOLVE

PRODUCT CODE: 00910024

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Product number 00910024

# 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Star Electrosolve is a highly concentrated solvent based product for cleaning and degreasing

electrical equipment. It provides rapid penetration, quick clean-up and does not attack

insulation.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier STAR International

Star House

Turbine Business Park

Turbine Road Birkenhead Merseyside CH41 9BA

Tel: +44 (0) 1244 504 500 Fax: +44 (0) 1244 504 504 www.star-international.co.uk

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 1244 504 500 (Office hours only)

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

**Health hazards** Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

Environmental hazards Not Classified

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Precautionary statements P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains KEROSENE ODOURLESS

# 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

KEROSENE ODOURLESS 60-100%

CAS number: 64742-47-8 EC number: 926-141-6 REACH registration number: 01-

2119456620-43-XXXX

Classification
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

**Ingestion** Get medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head

should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get medical

attention if any discomfort continues.

**Eye contact** Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15

minutes. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort

continues.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Inhalation** Vapours in high concentrations are narcotic.

**Ingestion** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Skin contact** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** No specific recommendations. Treat symptomatically.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Specific hazards Fire creates: Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. Hydrocarbons. Toxic gases or

vapours.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or

vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can

be done without risk. Move containers from fire area if it can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

clothing.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety

data sheet. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. No smoking, sparks,

flames or other sources of ignition near spillage.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Spillages or uncontrolled

discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or

other appropriate regulatory body.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Stop leak if possible without risk. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into

containers. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid spilling. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Vapours may accumulate on the floor

and in low-lying areas.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a

well-ventilated place. Storage tanks and other containers must be earthed. Avoid contact with

the following materials Acids. Oxidising materials.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### KEROSENE ODOURLESS

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

# Protective equipment





Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

**Eye/face protection** Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. Personal protective equipment for

eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if

a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. Wear protective gloves made of the

following material: Nitrile rubber. Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA). EN 374

Other skin and body

protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or

prolonged vapour contact.

Hygiene measures When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Wash

at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

Respiratory protection If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Wear a respirator

fitted with the following cartridge: Organic vapour filter.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Characteristic.

Initial boiling point and range 190-280°C @ 760 mm Hg

Flash point > 70°C

Relative density 0.771-0.81 @ 20°C

Bulk density 770-870 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies) Insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Auto-ignition temperature > 200°C

9.2. Other information

Other information Not available.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Will not polymerise.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods

of time

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

products Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Toxic gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

chemical pneumonitis.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

5,000.0

mg/kg)

**Species** Rat

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 5,000.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50

mg/kg)

5,000.0

**Species** Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 5,000.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Skin corrosion/irritation**Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

Animal data No information available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation May cause temporary eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation There is no evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility No information available.

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Reproductive toxicity -

This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Inhalation Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms following

overexposure may include the following: Coughing. Vapours in high concentrations are

narcotic.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Liquid may irritate skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

KEROSENE ODOURLESS

Other health effects Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting

may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

5,000.0

**Species** Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> 5,000.0

mg/kg)

Rabbit **Species** 

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation Conclusive data but not sufficient for classification.

Animal data No information available.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eve May cause temporary eye irritation.

damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation There is no evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

No information available.

fertility

Reproductive toxicity -

This substance has no evidence of toxicity to reproduction.

development

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Inhalation** Gas or vapour in high concentrations may irritate the respiratory system. Symptoms

following overexposure may include the following: Coughing. Vapours in high

concentrations are narcotic.

**Ingestion** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin contact Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Liquid may irritate skin.

**Eye contact** May cause temporary eye irritation.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information** 

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or

frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

KEROSENE ODOURLESS

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous.

However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Not considered toxic to fish.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 20 ppm mg/l, Algae

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early life NOEC, 28 days: 0.17 mg/l, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

stage

# STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

NOEC, 21 days: 1.22 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Ecological information on ingredients.

# KEROSENE ODOURLESS

**Toxicity** Not considered toxic to fish.

Acute aquatic toxicity

LC50, 96 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Acute toxicity - fish

LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 20 ppm mg/l, Algae

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 28 days: 0.17 mg/l, rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: 1.22 mg/l, Daphnia magna

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

**Biodegradation** - Degradation 69: 28 days

Ecological information on ingredients.

### KEROSENE ODOURLESS

Persistence and

degradability

The product is expected to be biodegradable.

Biodegradation - Degradation 69: 28 days

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### KEROSENE ODOURLESS

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient No information available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface. The product contains

volatile substances which may spread in the atmosphere.

Surface tension 0.0257 mN/m @ 25°F

Ecological information on ingredients.

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

### KEROSENE ODOURLESS

Mobility The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface. The product

contains volatile substances which may spread in the atmosphere.

Surface tension 0.0257 mN/m @ 25°F

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

# Ecological information on ingredients.

### KEROSENE ODOURLESS

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

### KEROSENE ODOURLESS

Other adverse effects Not determined.

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Waste should be treated as controlled waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site

in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH

CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES

OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods

(IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

# 14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

# 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

### STAR ELECTROSOLVE

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**EU legislation** Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not available.

# SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. LC<sub>50</sub>: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

Kow: Octanol-water partition coefficient.

LD₅o: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

MARPOL 73/78: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978.

BCF: Bioconcentration Factor.

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand.

EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

**General information** Only trained personnel should use this material.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Health and Safety Executive (HSE). International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code). Source: European Chemicals

Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision date 02/04/2020

SDS number 21532

Hazard statements in full H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Signature Auguste Little